POLYUREA RAYSTON

Pure polyurea membrane for waterproofing in spray applications.

DESCRIPTION

Polyurea Rayston is a 2-component polyurea system for elastic membrane application with crackbridging capability. It is an extra fastcuring system that can only be applied by hot mechanical spraying equipment. Polyurea Rayston can be combined with different geotextiles to obtain on site applied, seamless liners.



APPLICATIONS

Waterproofing of concrete structures. Waterproofing of foundations, specially those designed as barriers to Radon gas. Roof waterproofing. Sewage and wastewater treatment structures. Onsite applied liners, totally seamless, for secondary containment applications, ponds, landfills, tunnels, canals, dam repairing.



Protective coating for metallic structures Polyurea Rayston can be completed

with an aliphatic polyurethane topcoat to ensure UV protection.

PROPERTIES

- Crack-bridging capability.
 Highly elastic membrane.
- Very fast curing, using twocomponent spraying equipment.
- It can be pigmented.



CE

CERTIFICATIONS

CE marking EN 1504-2: 0370-CPR-2247, **•ETA** (ETAG005): European Technical Assessment document Nº 16/0148

- BBA certificate (roofing) number 18/5582
- Radon diffusion coefficient according to ISO 11665-13

Applus (Independent laboratory):

- Drinking water certification (Migration test). 928/09/8505
 Contact with clockelic boverages. Simulation C as per regulation
- Contact with alcoholic beverages. Simulation C as per regulation EU 10/2011 (EN 1186): pass. Certificate 928/11/4106 M1
 Low-temperature foldability: 11/2855-1313
- Low-temperature foldability: 11/2855-13
 Mechanical properties: 11/2855-1314
- Dynamic and Static indentation test according to EOTA. 11/2855-1315
- Contact with fuel products (UNE 48307:2011) Exp 13/6620-457
- External fire resistance EN 13501-5:2005+A1 :2010
- DOP: 16 -750

CE

AITEX (Independent laboratory):

- Mechanical properties EN ISO 527-1/3.
- Static indentation/CBR UNE-EN-ISO 12236:2007.
- Tear, according to UNE-EN ISO 34-1:2011



External fire behaviour	NPA Roof (F)
Fire class	NPA (F)
Use life	W3
Climatic zone	S (Severe)
Use load	P4
Roof slope	S1 to S4
Minimum surface temperature	TL3
Maximum surface temperature	TH4
Hazardous components	Not declared

Water Regulations Advisory Scheme LTD. (WRAS) Material Approval (United Kingdom, contact with water intended for human consumption). Approval number 1709541

TECHNICAL DATA

			E APPLICA		
	Compo	nent A	Compo	onent B	
Chemical description	Polyamine		Aromatic isocyanate		
			prepolymer		
Physical state	Liquid		Liquid		
Packaging	Metal container		Metal container		
Note: Pigment is delivered in a third container. See	196		220 kg		
Pigment Spray data sheet	18.5	бку	21.0 kg		
for specific details.	Component	C (pigment			
	. pas				
	Metal can (4	kg or 0.4 kg)			
Non-volatile content	100%		100%		
(%)					
Flash point	>100°C		>10	>100°C	
Colour	Yellow (without pigment)		Yellow		
	(may darken along				
Damaitu	stora Temperatu	age) Density	Tomporate	ı Densi	
Density	re (°C)	(q/cm ³)	Temperatu re (ºC)	a Densi (q/cm	
	20	1,02	20	1,12	
	60	1.02	60	1,10	
Viscosity	Temperatu re (ºC)	Viscosity (mPa.s)	Tempe rature	Viscosity (mPa.s)	
Approximate values	20	600	(°C)	(111 0.0)	
Brookfield	30	200	20	2000	
	50	60	30	1000	
	70	40	50	400 150	
A/B mixing ratio		A=1, B=1.17	70 by weight	150	
		A=1, B=1 by			
Density and viscosity	Fastin	olymerization (ata)	
of the AB mixture		orymon_autorr (ooo por mo a		
Colour	Dark yellow, but component A is pigmented by				
	addition of pigment paste (Pigment Spray)				
	delivered with each kit of Polyurea Rayston.				
Curing performance	Gel time mixture A+B (20 g)				
	4 s at 25°C				
	3 s at 60°C				
	Tack free time				
	30 s at 70⁰C				
Storage		ep between 10			

Use before 12 months after manufacturing date.

INFORMATION ON THE FINAL PRODUCT		
Final state	Elastomeric solid membrane	
Colour	Available Pigment Spray pastes are blue RAL 5015, gray RAL 7011. Tile red, Beige RAL 1001. Other pastes	

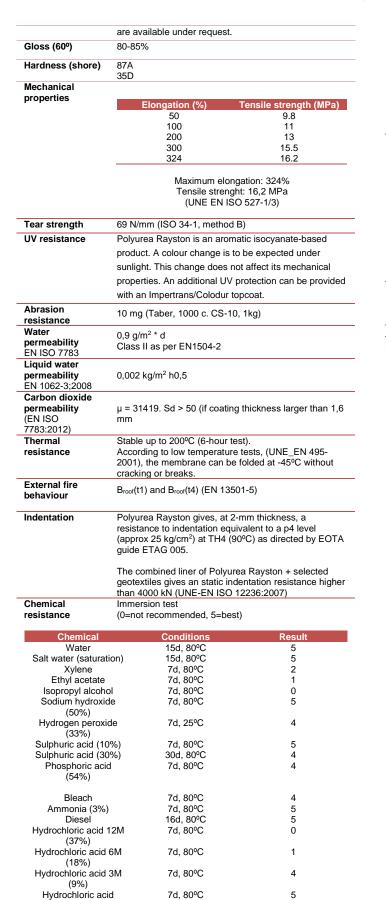


KRYPTON CHEMICAL SL

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1%	21d, 80°C		
Engine oil	7d, 80°C	5	
Crude petroleum	21d, 23ºC	5	
Sulfamic acid 85%	7d, 80°C	4	
Oleic acid	7d, 80°C	0	
Glycerine	7d, 80°C	5	
Ethanol/water 20/80	0 7d, 80⁰C	4	
w/w			
Urea	24d, 80°C	5	
Ammonium nitrate	24d, 80°C	5	
Adhesion			
strength			
-	Surface	Adhesion strength	
		(MPa)	
	Concrete (with epoxy	4.0	
	primer)		
	Plywood (with epoxy	1.6 (cohesive wood	
	primer)	failure)	
	Steel (PU primer)	5.3	
	High density PU foam	>1.5 foam failure	
	(150kg/m ³)		
	Fibrous cement (with	2.5 (cement failure)	
	Impermax LY as a		
	primer)		
Radon gas			
diffusion	2,6 x 10-11 m ² /s (ISO 11665	-13)	
coefficient	2,0 % 10 11	,	
	10.0 K)//mm /IEC EN 000.10	4.0042)	
Electric strength	19,9 KV/mm (IEC EN-60243-	-1:2013)	

SUPPORT REQUIREMENTS

In order to achieve a good penetration and bonding, support must be: 1. Flat and leveled

2. Coct and cohesive (pull off test must show a minimum resistance of 1,4 $\ensuremath{\text{N/mm}^2}\xspace$).

3. Even and regular surface

4. Free from cracks and fissures. If any, they must be previously repaired.

5. Clean and dry, free of dust, loose particles, oils, organic residues or laitance

Support temperature must be between 10°C and 40°C. Support moisture must be less than 4%Higher humidities do not prevent correct polymerization but may make adhesion increasingly difficult to substrates.

Metal substrates must be clean and free of rust, oils, greases or other loose material.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY CONDITIONS

Air temperature should be between 10°c and 40°C. Relative air humidity should be less than 85%. Higher humidities do not prevent correct polymerization but may make adhesion increasingly difficult to substrates because of condensation on surfaces.

SUPPORT PREPARATION

Concrete substrates must be prepared mechanically using high pressure sand or abrasion, in order to remove the surface and obtain an open pore. Substrates must be primed and levelled until a regular surface is obtained. Sharp irregularities are eliminated using an abrading disc machine.

Eliminate all dust and loose particles from the substrate by brushing or vacuum cleaning. If underlying moisture is suspected, it is recommended to apply 2 coats of epoxy (Rayston Epoxy primer). First one as such and the second one with quartz sand spreaded over.

Metal subtrates should be cleaned and primed with Primer PU prior to application.

MIXING

Both the component A side and the component B side should be preconditioned between 25 °C - 30°C before loading.Stir and homogenise separately both components using suitable mixing equipment before being loaded into the machine. Add the required Pigment Spray to the A-component and stir before loading. Recirculate both components while heating up to the required application temperatures.

APPLICATION AND RECOMMENDED QUANTITIES

Polyurea Rayston must be applied using 2-component hot spraying equipment. Recommended temperatures are:

- Component A: 68°C
- Component B: 70°C
- Hose: 67°C



0.75M (2%)

Sodium hypochlorite

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3

7d, 80°C



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Pressure must be adjusted to 140 bar.

During spraying, check coating thickness to ensure curing evolution is correct. Polyurea Rayston is applied at 1,5-2,0 kg/m², obtaining a 1,5-2 mm thickness. Please contact Krypton Chemical for specific application details.

CURING TIME

Polyurea Rayston cures to touch after a few minutes after application. Approximate hardness values are provided here as reference only (1 mm, polypropylene support, $25^{\circ}C$ 50% RH)

Time	Hardness shore A
5 min	28
10min	40
20 min	55
1 hr	70
24 hrs	80
4 days	88

RECOATING

It is recommended to obtain the right thickness with a single application. Where an epoxy primer has been previously applied, spray Polyurea Rayston Fast only after the primer is fully cured.

RETURN TO SERVICE

Under most conditions (25°C, 50% rh), the membrane is rain-resistant after 10 minutes.

TOOL CLEANING

In order to keep equipment in good conditions (spraying gun, gaskets), it is recommended not to use solvents. A cleaning fluid like Rayston Fluid can be used instead. Component B must be throughly removed and replaced with this fluid.

FAQ

Problem	Question	Answer	Solution
Does not cure or remains sticky	Ratio AB correct?	Different pressure	Check and correct pumping equipment
Bubbles or open holes in the membrane	Porous substrate?	No primer	Apply an Epoxy- type primer before Polyurea Open holes are frequent with fast-
			curing polyurea Use 1 kg/m ² minimum
Not enough hiding		Too few	Mix and
power	Horizontal?	No pigment	homogeneize pigment in component A before spraying
Gray colour darkens upon exposure to sun	Exposed?	Components react with UV light.	Apply an aliphatic topcoat afterwards (egImpertrans, Colodur)

CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE

A maintenance work must be carried out regulary on the treated roofs according to the intended use. This work includes the following tasks:

Leaf removal

- Grass, dirt, moss and other vegetation removal
- Keeping storm water system in good working order.
- Ensure gratings are in place, in order to prevent gutter obstructions.
- Check proper condition of several structures (flashing, seams, retaining walls...)
 Verification of possible damages due to improper use.

If aesthetic appearance of the roof is an important issue, it is essential to regularly clean the surface with water (some mild detergent may be added), according to the use.



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For stain removal, a surface treatment with Rayston solvent or isopropyl alcohol may be attempted. Strong acids are totally inadequate. Some solvents maydamage the membrane. If this happens, the affected area has to be cut and repaired with a new Polyurea Rayston application.

SAFETY

Component B of Polyurea Rayston contains isocyanates and Component A contains corrosive polyamines that can cause burns. Always follow the safety instructions in the Material Safety Data Sheet. As a general rule, a good ventilation, protective clothing and respiratory protection is needed (combined organic vapor filtres+particles A2P). This product must be used only for the applications here described. This product is intended for industrial and professional use. It is not suitable for DIY-type applications.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Empty containers must be handled with the same precautions as if they were full. Treat empty containers as hazardous waste, and transfer them to an authorized waste manager. If the containes still have some material left, do not mix with other product with no knowledge of potential dangerous reactions. Component A and B may be mixed on a 1/1 ratio in order to get an inert material, but never do it in volumes larger than 5 litres in order to prevent a dangerous heat evolution.

OTHER INFORMATION

The information contained in this DATA SHEET, as well as our advice, both written as verbal or provided through testing, are based on our experience, and they do not constitute any product guarantee for the installer, who must consider them as simple information.

We recommend to study deeply all information provided before proceeding to the use or application of any of our products, and strongly advise to conduct tests "on-site" in order to determine their convenience for a specific project.

Our recommendations do not exempt of the obligation of installers to deeply study the right application method for these systems before use, as well as to conduct as many preliminary tests as possible should any doubt arise. The application, use and processing of our products are beyond our control, and therefore under the exclusive responsibility of the installer. In consequence, the installer will be the only responsible of any damage derived from the partial or total in-observation of our indications, and in general, of the inappropriate use or application of these materials.

This data sheet supersedes previous versions.